	PLACE OF DEATH	BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
Cour	unty Mouleun	CERTIFICATE OF DEATH >
Ψ.	waship Wil Clouded (Registration District	of No. $5 \rightarrow 9$ File No. $20404$
Tow or		7
Villa		
<i>or</i> City		5)   St. Ward)   [If death occur hospital or ins
	Lola mu va	give its NAME of street and nor
_	FULL NAME OCA THY D	
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
8E)	EX . COLOR OR RACE SINGLE MARRIED	DATE OF DEATH
4	SAULO OCLOR OR RACE WIDOWED OR DIVORCED OR DIVORCED	(Modulh) (Day)
<u>√ //</u> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ATE OF BIRTH	(Month) (Day)  I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased
JA	May. 8.913	Long 1913, to Dep 20,1
	(Month) (Day) (Year)	that I last saw he 2 alive on Sul 75
AGI	GE IfLESS than	
	yrs	and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at
000	CUPATION	The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
(a) part	Trade, profession, or ticular kind of work	agorine of fund
busi	General nature of industry, siness, or establishment in	131
whi	ich employed (or employer)	
(City	RTHPLACE	ouration) yrsmos. 2
Stat	te or foreign country)	Contributory
'	NAME OF ACTION	(SECONDARY)  Duration) yrs. mos.
۱ .	BIRTHPLACE	(81gned) J. Hilson
8 E	OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	Sh 2/, 181 3 (Address) Portur
PARENTS	MAIDEN NAME	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Cause (1) flieans of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.
•	of MOTHER Jona Mussey	LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIES
!	BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER  A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A	RECENT RESIDENTS)
	(City or town, State or foreign country)	of deathyrsmosds. Stateyrsmos
THE	E ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE	Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?
(Inf	formant)	Former or usual residence
	The thina	PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL
į.	(ADDRESS)	715 inters (Cemety 2 21.
<u></u>	- A - 1 -	1 11 11 11 11
	ed Sep 21, 1913. E.S. Hilson	GNDESTAKER ADDRESS

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation. - Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer. Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer." etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISBASE CAUSING DBATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

 use of "Tumor," for malignant neoplasms); Measles: Whooping cough; Chronic valoular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.: Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia,""Anaemia" (merely symptomatic),"Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning: Struck by railway train-accident: Revolver wound of head-homicide: Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory.". (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)