MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH PLACE OF DEATH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH Township Registration District No... Primary Registration District No. Ill death occurred in a City hospital or institution. give its NAME instead of street and number PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 8EX COLOR OR RACE DATE OF DEATH MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word) DATE OF BIRTH I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from 100-16, 1911, to Dec 5 that I last saw h alive on _____ AGE If LESS than I day.....hrs and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 60 The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows: OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry. business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) BIRTHPLACE (City or town. State or foreign country) Contributory NAME OF (SECONDARY) FATHER BIRTHPLACE (Signed) OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country *Bistischhe Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR BIRTHPLACE RECENT RESIDENTS) (City or town, State or foreign country) At place In the of death. THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF Where was disease contracted if not at place of death? ... Former or usual residence

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer. Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sar-

coma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms): Measles: Whooping cough: Chronic valvular heart disease: Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 20 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident: Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)



	PLACE OF DEATH REGISTRARS S CEIVE A FEE FOR CUNTIL THEY ARE CONTROL OF THE SCRIBED BY LA	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH HALL NOT RE- CERTIFICATES OMPLETED AS W. CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
	or Registration District No. 3 7 3 File No.	
	Village FORUM - Primary Registrati	on District No. 4 3 3 Registered No.
	FULL NAME Let Roy To hussu. [If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number]	
-	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
1	SEX COLOR OR RACE SINGLE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word)	DATE OF DEATH (Month) (Day) (Year)
	DATE OF BIRTH (Month) (Day) (Year)	HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from
	AGE If LESS than day,hrs, ormin.9	and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at Pm. The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
	OOCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work	Bronche Oneumonia
Ш	(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)	<u> </u>
- 11	BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country)	(Duration) yrs. mos. 12 ds.
	NAME OF M. Value au	(SECONDARY) (Duration) (Duration) (Duration)
40.00	BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (Gity or town, State or foreign scenific Delication)	(81gnbd) S. (Trlter, M. D.X.
ě	MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER DE STUTTA DE LA DIENE	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Reans of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Monicidal.
	BIRTHPLAGE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Furture	LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS) At place In the of deathyrsmosds.
	Informant CLUAR D'EARL	Where was disease contracted if not at place of death? Former or usual residence.
	(ADDRESS). Fortuna	PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL
F	Filed Walk 1917 9 Tolores REGISTRAR	UNDERTAKER LUNGAGE ADDRESS STATES
Original file, date		n called for must be written on this Supplementary Certificate.

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

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coma, etc., of _____ (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OF HOMICIDAL, OF as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)