

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH.

PLACE OF DEATH
County Monteau

Township _____

or

Village _____

or

City Colborn Mo

Registration District No. 571

File No. 7286

Primary Registration District No. 4335

Registered No. 14

(NO. _____)

St. _____

Ward _____

[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number]

FULL NAME

Mrs Anna H Garrison

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

SEX

Female

COLOR OR RACE

White

SINGLE,
MARRIED,
WIDOWED
OR DIVORCED
(Copy the word)

Widowed

DATE OF BIRTH

March 18

1852

(Month)

(Day)

(Year)

AGE

63 yrs. 10 mos. 23 ds.

If LESS than
1 day, ____ hrs.
or ____ min.?

OCCUPATION

(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work

At Home

(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)

BIRTHPLACE

(City or town, State or foreign country)

Colborn Mo

PARENTS

NAME OF FATHER

J H Moore

BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER

(City or town, State or foreign country)

North Carolina

MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER

Lendrella Murray

BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER

(City or town, State or foreign country)

South Carolina

THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE

(Informant)

Mrs Fannie Cloud

(ADDRESS)

Colborn Mo

Filed

2-11

1916

H R Phipps

REGISTRAR

2

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

DATE OF DEATH

2

10

1916

(Month)

(Day)

(Year)

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from Dec 13, 1915, to Feb 10, 1916, that I last saw her alive on Feb 10, 1916, and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 1 P m.

The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:

Influenza

11-2
75A
1A

(Duration)

yrs. 1

mos. 28

ds.

Contributory
(SECONDARY)

(Duration)

yrs. _____

mos. 4

ds.

(Signed)

H. R. Phipps

M. D.

2-11, 1916

(Address)

Colborn Mo

*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.

LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS)

At place

of death

____ yrs. ____ mos. ____ ds.

In the

State

____ yrs. ____ mos. ____ ds.

Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?

Former or usual residence.

PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL

Crown Hill

DATE OF BURIAL

2-11

1916

UNDERTAKER

Edw G Nischwitz

ADDRESS

Colborn Mo

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman*, etc. But in many cases especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife, Housework*, or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant, Cook, Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia*; *Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum*, etc., *Carcinoma, Sarcoma*, etc. of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), 29 ds.; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis, tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)