

## 1 PLACE OF DEATH

County Monroe

Township

or

Village

or

City California

(NO

St.

Ward)

## 2 FULL NAME

Granville Elsworth Reed

## MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH

## BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS

## CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

Registration District No. 571

File No.

36952Primary Registration District No. 4335

Registered No.

71

[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]

## PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

3 SEX

male

4 COLOR OR RACE

White5 ~~SINGLE~~  
MARRIED  
WIDOWED  
OR DIVORCED  
(If write the word)Married

6 DATE OF BIRTH

July 30 1868  
(Month) (Day) (Year)

7 AGE

55 - 4 20  
yrs. mos. ds.If LESS than  
1 day, hrs.  
or min.?

8 OCCUPATION

(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work

Plumber

(b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)

9 BIRTHPLACE

(City or town, State or foreign country)

Monroe Co. Mo.

10 NAME OF FATHER

Henry Reed

11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER

(City or town, State or foreign country)

Ky

12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER

Sattie Murrell

13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER

(City or town, State or foreign country)

Monroe Co. Mo.

14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE

(Informant)

Riley Reed

(Address)

California Mo

15

Filed

12-21

191

B. M. Bybee

Registrar

## MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

16 DATE OF DEATH

Dec 20 1923  
(Month) (Day) (Year)

17

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from

Nov. 28 1923 to Dec 20 1923that I last saw him alive on Dec 20 1923and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 11:58 a.m.

The CAUSE OF DEATH\* was as follows:

acute yellow atrophy of the liver125R (Duration) 120 mos. ds.

CONTRIBUTORY

(Secondary)

8 (Duration) yrs. mos. ds.(Signed) John P. Dunn M. D.24 21 1923 (Address) California Mo

\*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in death from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal.

18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents)

At place of death yrs. mos. ds. In the State yrs. mos. ds.

Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?

Former or usual residence

19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL

Caly, Cal

DATE OF BURIAL

12/22 1923

20 UNDERTAKER

W. E. L. L. L.

ADDRESS

California Mo

# Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health  
Association]

**Statement of occupation.**—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman*, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife, Housework*, or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant, Cook, Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

**Statement of cause of death.**—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia*; *Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum*, etc., *Carcinoma, Sarcoma*, etc., of ..... (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), 29 ds.; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis, tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)