1 PLACE OF DEATH County County		MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
		<b>.</b>	57/	31832
Tow	wnship	Registration Distri	11255	・イニア
Ville	age	Primary Registrati	on District No. 4338 Registered No.	,
City	2FULL NAME Harly	y B Sh	St.; Ward)	Ilf death occurred in hospital or institutio give its NAME inste- of street and number.
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PA		MEDICAL CERTIFICATE	OF DEATH
3 SEX	William WILLIAM	5 Sincle	16 DATE OF DEATH AND (Month)	(Day) , 191 (Year
6 DATE OF BIRTH  Afril 28 1831  (Month) (Day) (Year)			1 March, 1916, to 1971, 1916	
7 AGE	811 4	If LESS than 1 day,hrs. ormin.?	that I last saw halive onand that death occurred, on the date sta	
8 OCC	CUPATION Trade, profession, or ticular kind of work	11.56	The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follow	=: -
busi	General nature of industry iness, or establishment in ch employed (or employer)	52	Ju ce said say	
(City	ITHPLACE y or town, or foreign country)  Www.fir	h	CONTRIBUTOR (S) Lair Fal	son L
	10 NAME OF SEUW Sh	1/7	(Secondary)	e mos d
PARENTS	11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	nt kun	(Signed) 1910 (Address)	Oleforie.
PARI	12 MAIDEN NAME Juf L.	with	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in de (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Acciden	sils from Violent Causes, statel, Suicidal or Homicida
	13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	thin.	18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals or Recent Residents)	, Institutions, Transient
	<u></u>	<del></del>	At place In the cf death yrs	
	HE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY M	KNOWNEDGE	Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?	
	nformant) Mis T3m	ene .	if not at place of death?  Former or usual residence.	
	Mes Bur	nue	if not at place of death?	DATE OF BURIAL  ADDRESS

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health
Association.]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments. it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill: (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Fóreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 urs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchepneumonia ("Pneumonia" unqualified, is indefinite): Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, perisonaeum, etc., origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Méasles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock,"/ "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL" peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as accidental, sui-CIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acidprobably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)