## ACS OF DEATH



## MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS

CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

Cou	nty Monteur	•	1	. 8001
	mahip Willow frink	. Registration Distric	t No. 5 75 File	No. 49
or Vill	age	. Primary Registration	on District No. 22-3-Regi	stered No
or City	Toppon	. (NO	5771B 1D2	Ward)   Ilf death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead
	2FULL NAME	n W Pin	Thorson	of street and number.]
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS			MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH	
SEX 4 COLOR OR RACE MARRIED MUDOWED CO OR DIVORCE OR DIVORCE (Write the word)		16 DATE OF DEATH	(3) 19 <b>% 6</b> (Day) (Year)	
DATE OF BIRTH			17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from	
	Jan 29 (Month)	(Day) 1543		10 Rece 13 , 1820.
7 AGI	<del></del>	If LESS than	that I last saw h	
	7.0 7 yrs mos.	l day,hrs. ormin.?	•	date stated above, at 12.11.m.
3 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work			The CAUSE OF DEATH* was	as C Paresus
(b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)			75	1 9
(City	THPLACE or town, or foreign country)  Monutes	u Co.	(Duration	) ds.
,	10 NAME OF BENG MC	Pherson	CONTRIBUTORY (Secondary)	.)yrsds,
PARENTS	11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Wond Know		(Signed) (Add	Ralizar M. D.
	12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER		*State the Disease Causing Des	ath, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state or Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal,
	13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)		18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For or Recent Residents) At place	Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, In the
(Informent)			of deathyrsmosds Where was disease contracted	
			if not at place of death? Former or	
	(Address)	i, Mo	19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVA	L DATE OF BURIAL
5			- breen bron	Feb. 14. 198.0
Filed Febr 14 1820, " EJing			20 UNDERTAKER	ADDRESS
Registrar			by on do	Takkon

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation .-- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman. (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles: Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease: Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)