1 PLACE OF DEATH Moule Couly	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH HIGHE
County Moule 6avy	certificate of death 7638
Township Moreum Registration District	et No. 1091 File No.
or	4.774
Village Primary Registrati	on District No. O
or (NO(NO	St.; Ward)   Ili death occurred in a
2FULL NAME Mus Francis Cela	hospital or institution,
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	/ MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
3 SEX 4 COLOR OR RACE SAMPLE WILLIAM WILLIAM (Write-His word)	16 DATE OF DEATH Way # 12 (Moglis) (Day) 191 (Year)
6 DATE OF BIRTH Gurg +217 1843	17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from
(Month) (Day) (Year)	1919 to 11 lay 1919
	that I last saw h. 40 alive on May 1919 , 1919
75 : 7 as 1 day,hrs.	and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at
yrsds. ormin.f	The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or House particular kind of work	Superculorio of Bowls
(b) General nature of industry	/2/
business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)	232
9 BIRTMPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country)	(Duration) 2 yrs D mos O ds.
10 NAME OF HE Browns	(Secondary) (Duration) yrs ds.
11 BIRTHPLACE. OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country)  Mariel	(Bigned) All free duchings M. D.
12 MAIDEN NAME ). O / CX 1	May 13, 1919 (Address) Claricabuse My
7 7 2 2 2 2	*Star the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal, 18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients,
13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	or Recent Residents) At place In the
	of deathyrsmosds. Stateyrsmosds.
Stails, Polanta	Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?
(Informant)	Former or usual residence
(Address) Colorleshy M	
15	19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL  DATE OF BURIAL  19 PLACE OF BURIAL  10 PLACE OF BURIAL
Filed May 13, 1919 H C free dubigar	20 UNDERTAKER ADDRESS
Registrar	Edis Nisur Entre

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## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

- [Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health.

Association.]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments. it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also. (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer, etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer— Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: : Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation, whatever write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, otc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of (name origin: "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. 29 ds.: Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.); "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haem-orrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS State MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide: Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (é. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association?) >