ff		•
]	1 DI ACE OF DEATH	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
	1 PLACE OF DEATH	BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
Cou	inty Cole	CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 45295
Township Moreau Registration District		
Village Primary Registratio		on District No. 5.2.9.11. Registered No. 3.3
City	_	St.: Ward) [If death occurred in a
7/1 66. 1		hospital or institution, give its NAME instead
<sup>2</sup> FULL NAME / Varley / Wey and number.]		
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
3 SE	1 ale 7 the Single MARRIED Single Wilsower OR DIVORCED OR DIVORCED OR DIVORCED	16 DATE OF DEATH  (Month)  (Day)  (Year)
6 DATE OF BIRTH		17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I stiended deceased from
	Jan 2 900	Dec 7 th 1918 , Dec 19 1918
	(Month) (Day) (Year)	that I lest saw h 4 m alive on Del 19 1918
7 AGE If LESS than		MA
1 day,hrs.		and that death occurred, on the date stated above, atm.
8 OCCUPATION		The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
(a) Trade, profession, or farming particular kind of work		Spanish Influency
(b) General nature of industry		
business or establishment in which employed (or employer)		
Q DIDTHDI ACE		14 10 1
(City or town, State or foreign country) (non on 7/10		(Duration) yrs mos ds.
	10 NAME OF Alex on Long B Bundish	CONTRIBUTORY JON Challes Monua
ļ.	1) no	(Duration) grs. mos. ds.
φ	11 BIRTHPLACE Darow 1110	(Signed) M. D.
PARENTS	(City or town, State or foreign country)	SOR 20, 1918 (Address) MIROLLOULLE 1/0
PAF	12 MAIDEN NAME Mary Elizabeth Shear	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal.
	13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State of foreign country)	18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents)  At place  In the
14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE		of deathyrsmosds. Stateyrsmosds.
AT THE ABOVE IS THOSE TO THE BEST OF MIT KNOWLEDGE		Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?
(Informant)		Former or
(Address) Enon Mo		usual residence
<u> </u>		Shulo Cemeliny Date of Burial
15 10 10 11 640 1		
roadle 20 1 1918 / Vich & Cular		20 UNDERTAKER LOS ANDRESS

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, perilonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of ...... (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shook," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUI-CIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acidprobably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)