MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH PLACE OF DEATH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 28605 Registration District No. File No. Village Primary Registration District No. Registered No._ 07 (If death occurred in a City .Ward) bospital or institution. give its NAME instead of street and number] PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH SINGLE 8EX COLOR OR RACE DATE OF DEATH MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED Write the word) DATE OF BIRTH that I attended deceased from (Year) (Day) AGE If LESS than I day,.....hrs and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at or___min.? The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows: **OCCUPATION** (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry, House M which employed (or employer) BIRTHPLACE (Duration) (City or town, State or foreign country) Contributory NAME OF (SECONDARY) FATHER BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) MAIDEN NAME *State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Heans of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal. OF MOTHER LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR BIRTHPLACE RECENT RESIDENTS) OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) At place In the of death. ds. State_ YES. _mos.. THE ABOVE IS TRUE Where was disease contracted if not at place of death? usual residence DATE OF BURIAL REGISTRAR

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

reproved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association

Statement of occupation .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulress various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Lotomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases especially in industrial employments it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (4) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton vill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekespers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DBATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always, the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pacumonia;" unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of tungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancor fis less dentities avoid

use of Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping couch; Chronic valvular heart disease; Cha interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection néed not be stated unless inportant Example: Measles (disease causing deal) 29 ds. Bronchopneymonic (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), 'Atrophy," "Collapse, " "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Eropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shooks" "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childhirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PDERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Stack by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head in micide: Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, telanus) may be stated under the head of "Con". tributory:" (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)